

Fair and continued cool to-night: Saturday increasing cloudiness; light winds.

# The Evening Times

READ THE MORNING TIMES  
THE NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD

Number 2265.

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1902

Price One Cent.

## NEW YORK LIKELY TO GO DEMOCRATIC

*The Republicans Are Despairing, and Coler Men Confident of Carrying State by 10,000 Plurality.*

As the closing hours of the campaign approach it becomes evident, in the judgment of veteran politicians in Washington, that apathy has not been as pronounced or widespread as it was thought to be a few weeks ago.

That the voters in all parts of the country have not displayed this year the usual signs of interest in the issues of the campaign is testified to by every stump speaker sent out by the party managers. This has caused the politicians to think that apathy marked the campaign in all sections. The politicians are now convinced, however, that they were mistaken in their diagnosis. They have learned that the voters in all parts of the country are following the campaign with an intelligent interest, seldom before manifested by the masses.

It is now believed that as a result of this quiet investigation and careful study of the pending public questions by the voters without the aid of the professional politicians an unusually large vote will be polled next Tuesday. As a rule not much more than 70 per cent of the normal vote is polled in an off year.

It is believed that fully 85 per cent will be polled this year. The heavy vote cast in Oregon, Maine, and Vermont, where elections for State officers, legislators, and members of Congress already have been held, is pointed out by the professional politicians as proof positive that the people are thoroughly aroused to the importance of the pending campaign and the issues involved.

### Both Parties Apprehensive.

This revised view of the situation makes a forecast of the result at the polls next week all the harder to men trained in the art. The plain truth is that the managers of both parties are extremely apprehensive. The Republican leaders privately admit but for the great popularity of President Roosevelt in all sections of the country and among all classes of people their party would suffer a reverse. The Democratic leaders confidently acknowledge that the President's popularity, North, South, East, and West, lends an element of strength to the Republican cause, which they fear spells Democratic disaster in the fight for control of the next House.

In point of fact, some of the most experienced Democratic leaders have very little, if any, hope of carrying the House, though all the signs indicate that if the Republicans retain control of the popular branch of Congress it will be by a reduced majority.

If there were discernible in the West any signs of a renewed Democratic

movement, as there are discernible in the East, the outlook would be much more favorable for the Democrats. But from no part of the West, possibly with the exception of California, do the reports which reach Washington through trustworthy sources indicate a likelihood of material Democratic gains in the next House.

The Democrats, of course, will hold their own in the South, and in all probability will redeem three or four districts in that section now held by the Republicans. The Republicans will hold their own in New England and the Northwest, and probably win one district from the Democrats in Massachusetts. This possible loss to the Democrats may be offset by a gain in Connecticut.

Probably the Democrats will gain a district in Pennsylvania because of the coal strike, but they are also liable to lose one in Indiana. It is almost certain that whatever gains they make in New York and New Jersey will be offset by reduced representation from Illinois. Thus there seems to be no sound reason for the official claims of the Democratic managers of a victory in the Congress campaign.

### Hope to Carry New York.

Democratic hope of carrying New York is growing hourly. From the best sources of information in that State reports are coming to Washington of Republican despair and Democratic confidence. At this juncture it appears more than probable that Coler will defeat Odell for Governor by a plurality of at least ten thousand.

The betting in Wall Street is now veering around to the Coler side. It is believed that it will be even by Saturday night, and that the odds will be in favor of Coler by Monday morning. This, at any rate, was the information contained in a private telegram received in Washington this morning from one of the most experienced and best Republican politicians in New York.

Mr. Hill's charges against Governor Odell seem to be having a marked effect in the rural districts. The recruited and harmonious Democracy south of the Bronx is depended upon by the Democratic managers to complete the work of Republican defeat made possible by ex-Governor Hill's personal attacks upon Governor Odell.

In no other State now held by the Republicans is there a threat of Democratic ascendancy. Nor is there seemingly a likelihood of the Republicans wresting control from the Democrats of any Democratic State. Hence the only sensational result of the campaign is looked for in New York.

## SOLDIERS OVERPOWER CORPORAL AND ESCAPE

Were in Guardhouse Charged With Desertion.

### THE SENTRIES FIRE AT THEM

Nineteen Other Prisoners Saw Flight, But Did Not Take Advantage of Opportunity to Flee.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 31.—All available men at Fort Porter today are searching for three soldiers who overpowered the corporal of the guard last night and escaped from the guardhouse where they were confined pending the decision of a court-martial held in their cases a few days ago. The homes of the men are in Olean.

They are privates Clark, Quackenbush, and Schwartz. With nineteen other prisoners they were confined in the guardhouse, the charge against them being desertion from the army. Clark deserted from Fort Hancock, and the two others deserted from the Engineering Corps. Last night they called to the corporal of the Guard Blanke to give them a drink of water, and as soon as he opened the door they overpowered him and ran away.

Sentries who heard the cries of Blanke fired several shots at the men, but they escaped. The other prisoners remained in the guardhouse.

## CROWN PRINCE OF SIAM DINES IN WATCH FACTORY

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—The Crown Prince of Siam and the members of his suite spent the greater part of today in a tour of inspection of some of the great industrial plants in the vicinity of Boston.

After a quiet breakfast an early start was made for Waltham, where the party arrived about 10:30 o'clock. More than an hour was spent in going over the immense factory of the American Waltham Watch Company, and at noon the party sat down to luncheon as the guests of the company. The luncheon was brief and informal, and a little after 1 o'clock the party arrived in Boston, proceeding to Lynn without stopping.

In the shoe city there was an inspection of the shoe factory of Little & Co., and a visit to the works of the General Electric Company. The party will return to Boston in time to attend the performance of William Gillette in "Sherlock Holmes."

## MASON'S BRIBERY CHARGE BECOMES A BOOMERANG

Mr. Love Makes Counter-Charge Against Senator.

### WAS ONCE HIS CLOSE FRIEND

Further States That Dawson Started Independent Campaign to Have Money to Withdraw.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Senator William E. Mason's bribery charge has developed into a boomerang. E. O. Love, one of his old law clients and most ardent supporters, charges in an affidavit that J. B. Dawson, Mason's legislative candidate against Ed C. Curtis, attempted to sandbag State Senator Small and the Republican organization in the Kankakee district.

### Mason Brings Charge.

At the Auditorium meeting Tuesday evening Senator Mason produced Dawson to support his sensation that Senator Small and others had offered the independent candidate \$6,500 to get off the ticket in favor of Mr. Curtis, who is a supporter of Congressman Hopkins. Senator Mason alleged that Love had been approached by Mr. Small, Mr. Hopkins and others with offers of large sums of money if he would induce Dawson to withdraw.

### Love Springs Surprise.

Love now under oath says that Dawson started his independent campaign for the sole purpose of demanding money for his withdrawal in favor of Mr. Curtis. Love swears that he, as Dawson's representative, approached Senator Small and offered to secure Dawson's withdrawal for a price. He also asserts that with Dawson he went to Senator Small at Kankakee last Friday evening and repeated the offer, but that the senator absolutely refused to treat with them.

### PRETENDER ARRIVES.

VIENNA, Oct. 31.—"Die Zeit" today asserts that Prince Peter Karageorgevitch, who is a claimant to the Serbian throne, has arrived at Semlin, close to the Serbian frontier, accompanied by his principal supporters. The Serbian authorities, the paper asserts, have taken precautions to prevent any demonstration in the pretender's favor.

## EARLY MORNING FIRE IN CHICAGO CAUSES PANIC

American Malting Company's Plant Destroyed.

### LOSS WILL REACH \$200,000

Prisoners in Jail, Nearby, Terrorized by Glare and Thought That Institution Was on Fire.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—The five-story brick warehouse of the American Malting Company, at Illinois and Pine Streets, was practically destroyed by fire this morning, entailing a loss of over \$200,000.

Embers of the fire were blown over the neighborhood, setting dozens of dwellings and factory buildings on fire. Every house was covered with persons working frantically with buckets and hose to save their property.

### General Alarm Sounded.

All the available fire companies were rushed to the fire at once on a general alarm and extras. Light from the burning building filled the county jail with a glare that caused the prisoners to think that the jail was on fire, and a panic followed. The jail was filled with the cries of terror-stricken inmates, who supposed themselves in danger of being burned to death in their cells. All the guards and jail attaches were put to work to quiet the panic, and after half an hour's work they were successful.

The fire started about 3:30 o'clock in the cupola, which is at the middle of the warehouse. The flames made their way downward with such rapidity that by the time the first of the engine companies arrived the three upper stories were a mass of roaring flames and the building was doomed. The fire early reached the hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain stored in the building and then began a series of deafening explosions, each causing a new outburst of flame that rendered the danger to the neighboring structures greater and greater.

A night force of 100 men was employed in the building. The police believe all escaped.

The streets were thronged with people a few minutes after the blaze was discovered. Special details of police were called out from the Chicago Avenue police station.

### Hotel Guests in Panic.

The building was almost a block long. Residents of the Virginia hotel and other hotels and apartment buildings in the vicinity were awakened by the roar of the flames and the glare, and many of them dressed and went into the streets. Among the big establishments endangered were the Kirk soap factory and the Spaulding & Herrick tobacco plant.

## NO RESTRICTIONS IN REGARD TO ROSS FUND

Commissioners Make Plain Their Position.

### GIFTS MUST BE VOLUNTARY

Mr. Macfarland Says the Board Desires Only That Employees Be Left Free to Subscribe or Not.

The District Commissioners were surprised today in reading a report of the meeting of the Ross Memorial Association meeting yesterday, to learn that the board was understood to have placed certain restrictions upon the action of the employees of the District relative to making subscriptions to the fund. Commissioner Macfarland, in behalf of his colleagues today issued the following statement:

"The Commissioners have given no advice whatever to the Ross Memorial Association or to those who organized it, except that employees of the District Government ought not to be solicited for contributions, but should be left entirely free to make such subscriptions as they desired."

### Commissioners Have Subscribed.

"The Commissioners have made their own subscriptions to the fund. Beyond this they have taken no part, because it was represented to them that the movement was one of the employees of the District Government, started at a mass meeting of employees, and it was thought best to leave the management of it entirely in the hands of the Ross Memorial Association, and without other advice from the Commissioners than that care should be taken that all contributions should be voluntary."

### Progress Made.

Considerable progress was made toward realizing the object of the Ross Memorial Association at the meeting of the executive committee yesterday afternoon in the office of R. W. Dutton, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department. Treasurer E. G. Davis reported subscriptions to the amount of \$1,238, and that \$175 had been paid in. Major Sylvester, president of the association, was authorized to appoint a committee of five to consider the form of the memorial. There is some difference of opinion whether it shall be a statue or a tablet to be placed in the proposed municipal building. The committee will decide the matter after interviews with several artists. The committee will consist of Major Sylvester, R. W. Dutton, Warner Stutler, Miss Edna Westcott, and a fifth member to be named within a few days. The president was also authorized to increase the membership of the executive committee to the limit of forty.

## M'KAY WILL ORDERED TO BE FILED FOR PROBATE

Instrument Leaves Entire Estate to Widow and Two Daughters of Testator, Except Two Legacies.

Justice Barnard today signed an order requiring the custodians of the will of the late Col. Nathaniel McKay to produce it in court forthwith. This action was taken by the court on the petition of Joseph M. Stoddard, who states that he is a creditor of the estate of Colonel McKay to the amount of \$3,100. The will had not been filed up to noon today. It was authoritatively stated, however, that it is dated July 7 last, and was signed and witnessed at Atlantic City, where the testator died July 10, and bequeaths the entire estate, with the exception of a gift of \$25,000 to his private secretary, Samuel E. Tatem, and of \$1,500 to his valet, George Mitchell, to Mabel Grace McKay and his daughters—Mrs. Elizabeth R. Wiedersheim, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Harriet A. Kinsley, of Oklahoma.

### Colonel McKay Directed that in the event of anyone of the beneficiaries contesting the will the contestant thereby forfeits his or her right to receive, and is barred from sharing in the distribution of the estate.

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## SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST LOSES HIS POSITION

Dismissed Because He Would Not Work on Saturday.

William L. Quackenbush, a clerk in the appraiser's office at New York, was summarily dismissed from the service today by Mr. Taylor, Acting Secretary of the Treasury, for refusing to perform his official duties on Saturday.

Quackenbush, it is said, is a Seventh Day Adventist, and his religious belief forbids him to perform work of any kind on Saturday. He consequently applied for leave of absence on that day, which was granted several times. The requests for leave of absence on that day, however, became regular, and his chief finally refused to grant them.

Quackenbush remained away from work without the permission of his superiors, hence the dismissal.

### SITE FOR HOSPITAL.

A site for the proposed new building for the Episcopal Eye, Ear, and Throat Hospital has been purchased for \$11,000. The building will shortly be erected on the east side of Fifteenth Street, between L and M Streets northwest. The building will be fifty-seven feet wide and 112 feet long, and will have separate wards for white and colored patients. The building will be constructed on the latest plans and provided with all modern conveniences.

## GENERAL MILES AND STAFF AT MANILA

Guests of Governor Taft at the Palace.

MANILA, Oct. 31.—The transport Thomas, with General Miles and his party on board, arrived here last night. General Davis and General Wade and their staffs visited General Miles shortly after the Thomas arrived, and remained on board half an hour.

General Miles will be the guest of Governor Taft at the palace. He is in excellent health. He asked numerous questions concerning recent events, showing that he had made a close study of insular affairs.

When informed of the statement circulated here that General Young would succeed him as commander of the army, he said:

"I have heard a good many things during the past year."

General Miles was attired in civilian clothes on the transport.

### TO STUDY NEWSPAPERS.

The King's messenger, Hon. Oliver A. Berthwick, who arrived here with a batch of mail from King Edward VII to the British embassy, left Washington yesterday for a visit to the leading Eastern cities to study newspapers. He will return to this city in about a week, and will then call on the President.

## STRIKE COMMISSIONERS MAKE AN ANNOUNCEMENT

PANTHER CREEK VALLEY MINERS THREATEN TO QUIT

Five Thousand Men Ready to Stop Work Unless Company Reinstates All Discharged Unionists by Monday.

TAMAQUA, Pa., Oct. 31.—Although it was announced yesterday that two battalions of the Third Regiment would leave for home today, when interviewed this morning at First Brigade headquarters, General Schall said:

"I cannot say when the next home-ward movements of troops from my brigade will take place."

This indicates that the military authorities are placing credence in the rumors of another tie-up in the anthracite coal fields. The First Regiment and two battalions of the Third Regiment and the Second City Troops of Philadelphia are in close proximity to the Luzerne territory, where the 7,000 men are now on strike, and it would not be considered wise to move them at this time. Strike rumors are also rife in the

Panther Creek Valley, where the First City Troop and a battalion of the Sixth Regiment are located. Leaders of the union today admitted that if all men discharged by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company were not reinstated by Monday a strike of 5,000 employees of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's Panther Creek Valley collieries might be expected to occur later in the week.

As President Mitchell practically told the men to "put up with anything" until the commission made its report, conservative people are of the opinion that a tie-up at this time will hurt the union. General Schall assured the reporter today that he and his staff would be in the field after election day.

## JOHN REDMOND, IRISH LEADER, SAILS FOR HOME

Wife and Son Accompany Him on Voyage

### DAVITT AND DILLON REMAIN

Says League Will Raise \$100,000 Fund, of Which \$25,000 Has Been Subscribed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Accompanied by his wife and son, John Redmond, the Irish leader and member of Parliament, sailed for home today. John Dillon and Michael Davitt, who accompanied him to this country, will remain here until Christmas.

### To Raise a Big Fund.

"The United Irish League, in convention at Boston, decided to raise at once a fund of \$100,000," Mr. Redmond said, "and of this amount \$25,000 has already been subscribed. The entire amount, it is expected, will be collected before Christmas. This fund will be used in Ireland. It will be turned over to the national defense fund and be used to protect the tenants against the landlords."

"The trouble is an old one. It might be called our great strike between the tillers and the landowners. This strike, however, is different from your coal strike, for we have no President Roosevelt to step in and demand a settlement along just lines."

### To Offset Landlords.

"The landlords recently raised a fund of \$250,000, and it is in answer to this fund that we have raised the fund here. The money will be used first of all to buy land, then for legal expenses, to help those who are destitute by the actions of the landlords; to help editors who have the courage of their convictions, who stood ready to make any sacrifices, and who have been ruined by the seizure of their plants through the working of the damnable coercion law, and for other expenses of the fund."

### "I attended successful meetings at Philadelphia and in Carnegie Hall. The league is indorsed by both the Catholic and the Protestant Irish in America."

### PRESIDENT TO GO TO MANASSAS TONIGHT

Will Visit Battlefields and May Do Some Shooting—To Pass Through This City Monday.

President Roosevelt will spend Saturday and Sunday in a visit to the battlefields in the vicinity of Manassas, Va. The arrangements were completed this morning for a special train of two cars which will carry the President, Secretary Root, Secretary Cortelyou, and Surgeon General Rixey, of the Navy.

The party will leave Washington at 9 o'clock tonight. It is probable that the President and Mr. Root will do some shooting. The party will also visit the farm of Dr. Rixey.

The President and party will leave Manassas early Monday morning for New York, passing through Washington without stopping, except to transfer the train from the tracks of the Southern road to those of the Pennsylvania. The President will reach Oyster Bay Monday night, and will cast his vote there on Tuesday.

### FIRE APPARATUS EXHIBITED.

George W. Horton, chief engineer of the Baltimore Fire Department, was in the city yesterday to inspect some of the new apparatus recently purchased by the department in Washington. An exhibition of the Hunt nozzle and other pieces of apparatus was given at Fifteenth and B Streets northwest, under the supervision of Assistant Chief Engineer William Bell.

### TO SUCCEED MARTINELLI.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 31.—Monsignor Falconi, apostolic delegate to Canada, has received official intimation by cable from Rome of his selection as successor to Cardinal Martinelli, late apostolic delegate to the United States at Washington.

## ROLAND B. MOLINEUX TAKES WITNESS STAND

Prisoner Testifies in His Own Defense.

### CALM AND SELF-POSSESSED

Tells of Several Trifling Disagreements He Had With Harry Cornish, His Avowed Enemy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The unknown and unheard side of the charge of murder brought against Roland Burnham Molineux, is to be placed upon the record of the court. The defense, in the greatest murder case in recent criminal history, has decided to show its hand.

The court room where the young defendant is being tried for his life was crowded this morning from the judge's bench to the last row of seats. Hundreds were turned away and the police had to form strong cordons to keep the would-be spectators from breaking down the doors.

### Molineux Called.

In a quiet, almost inaudible tone, Governor Black began his address to the jury. He told them that he would show that the prisoner never purchased the cyanide of mercury and that he never hired a letter box or knew of any contents or letters received at that box. "We shall prove to your satisfaction that the defendant never wrote any of the disputed handwritings, such as the poison address, Cornish letters, or any of the disputed writing. We shall show this, and the defendant will tell you this himself, and tell you all."

Governor Black then turned to the defendant and said:

"Roland B. Molineux."

With almost a sprightly step the defendant went to the witness chair amid a buzz of excitement.

"You are the defendant?"

"I am."

"When were you arrested?"

"February 27, 1899."

Witness gave his age as twenty-six, and said he was educated in the Brooklyn High School and the Brooklyn Polytechnic School.

### Tells of His Work.

Continuing, the witness said he had studied chemistry, and had worked for his father in Brooklyn and then went to Newark, where he was employed. Molineux's voice was quiet and firm and he showed no trace of excitement. He said that he was married at the time of his arrest.

"Did you know Harry Cornish?"

"I did."

"Did you have disagreements with him?"

"I had several trifling disagreements with him."

"What were they?"

"I had an argument with Cornish over the entrance of certain men to the club. I said that the men were good athletes, but did not add socially to the club. I had a disagreement with Cornish over an amateur circus which I was getting up. I did not like the way he did things and spoke to him several times about it and after that it was attended to. Cornish once said something about me and I asked for an investigation."

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May Make Change in Wage Scale Dating From November 1—Rupture Between President Nichols and Commissioner Watkins Narrowly Averted.

Latter Did Not Care to Visit Manville Mine—Mr. Nichols Insisted, Threatening to Withdraw Unless His Wishes in the Matter Were Accorded To.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 31.—If the anthracite strike commission decides to alter the wages now paid the mine workers, the change is to take effect on November 1. This was decided at a meeting of the commission this morning, when the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"That if the commission, at the conclusion of its hearings and deliberations makes any award affecting existing rates of wages, such award shall take effect from November 1, 1902."

The recorder of the commission states that this resolution was adopted by the commission, because it felt that it was important to make its investigations deliberately, and that it might be well, in order to relieve itself from pressure from any source, which might cause undue haste, to inform the operators and the miners that should the investigation and the deliberations following it warrant any change whatever, either in the way of increase or reduction of wages, such change should be from a certain date, thus enabling all parties to facilitate their calculations.

The trip to the Manville mine this morning was made upon request of the mine workers.

It is the worst mine in the Lackawanna region. For some forty years it has been in operation, and is well worked out, the coal now being taken from small veins and pillars. In order to see some of the places the commissioners will have to crawl. Commissioner Wright will not attempt it. He will inquire into general conditions on the outside, while the other members go inside.

The operators were not eager to have the trip made. Some objected to it. Commissioner Watkins had not included it in his plans, but President Nichols, of the Mine Workers, was obdurate. He insisted that having visited one of the best places in the region the commissioners should visit the worst.

This visit was the topic of the conference held on the train yesterday afternoon. So much opposition was apparent on the part of the operators that President Nichols let it be understood that unless the commission visited the mine he would probably withdraw and decline to be present at the further examinations of the commission.

PRINCETON RECEIVES HANDSOME LEGACY

Mrs. Susan Brown Leaves University \$150,000.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 31.—The will of Mrs. Susan Brown, who died at her home here on October 10, has been probated in New York City. Mrs. Brown left an estate valued at about \$300,000.

She will provide a legacy of \$50,000 for her sister and several smaller bequests to other relatives, then names Princeton University as the residuary legatee.

The bequest will amount to about \$150,000 and the expenditure of the money is left absolutely with the Rev. Dr. Patton, Princeton's former president.

Mrs. Brown before her death had given the university two dormitories, the Albert Dood and David Brown and had also founded the Albert Dood Brown memorial scholarship. She was ninety-one years old when she died. She was an accomplished scholar. Up to her nineteenth year she read daily from a Hebrew Bible and seldom used any other.

GRIFFIN BATTERY AND BURKE BATTERY NAMED

Deceased Army Officers Honored by Titles Given in Fort Hamilton Military Reservation.

The Secretary of War has promulgated a general order naming seacoast batteries on the Fort Hamilton, N. Y., military reservation after deceased officers of the army. The designations are as follows:

"Battery Griffin, in honor of Col. Charles Griffin, Thirty-fifth United States Infantry, brevet major general, United States Army, and major general, United States Volunteers, who served with distinction in the war of the rebellion, and who died on September 15, 1867, at Galveston, Texas."

"Battery Burke, in honor of Lieut. Col. Martin Burke, Third United States Artillery, brevet brigadier general, United States Army, who served with distinction in the Mexican war and the war of the rebellion, and who died on April 24, 1852, at New York City, N. Y."

## LIBRARIAN CHARGED WITH INSUBORDINATION

Mrs. Mary E. Craigie Given Hearing on Two Charges—Result Not Yet Made Public.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Mary E. Craigie, assistant librarian of the Brooklyn Public Library, who has been charged with insubordination and using poor judgment in distributing books, had a hearing last night before the administration committee.

### The result was not made public.

### REFERRED TO COUNSEL.

Questions growing out of the right of a sub-lessee to the barroom license of the St. Louis Hotel have been referred by the District Commissioners to the Corporation Counsel for an opinion.